he sold to Doble. Although Nancy Hanks and Stamboul were in the party, no definite announcement of their appearance on the tracks of the Grand Circuit can be made at this time. Nancy Hanks had a bad case of inflammation of the bowels the first of the a day. She has recovered, and yesterday out of the back stretch in the two-mile worked easy, showing a quarter in 32 secfollowing: Nancy Hanks, 2:04; Stamboul, 2:0742; Belle Vara, 2:084; Manager, 2:094; Delmarch, 2:114: Pixley, 2:144; McDoel, 2:154; Leo Russell, 2:184; Margrave, 2:194; knee. Ballona, 2:194; Ellard, 2:164; Aliorita, 2:224: Pearl McGregor, 2:224: Tip-o-Tip. 2:244: Red Pointer and Artist, the runner. John Dickerson, assistant driver, Dr. Hol-Jenbeck and bookkeeper Van Vicet went with the horses, while Doble went by the way of Chicago.

La Bei e Paces in 2:123.

MINNEAPOLIS, July 8 .- The Minnehaba Driving Park races closed to-day. In the free-for-all La Belle, a little mare owned by G. W. Sherwood, broke the track record, going a mile in 2:124.

2:19 trot; purse, \$1,000. Belleure first, Kellar V. second, Maggie Wright third. Best time, 2:11 14. Free-for-all pace; purse, \$500. La Belle first, Lena Willets second. Telegram third.

Best time, 2:124. Two-year-old stakes, \$500. Ferron first, Lady Metwood second, Cervus third. Best time, 2:38.

Entries for the Blue Ribbon Meeting. DETROIT, Mich., July 8, -Secretary Campbell, of the Detroit Driving Ciub, announces that the entries for the Blue Ribbon meeting, which begins on July 17, now number 231. He received a telegram to-day from Budd Doble stating that be would arrive some time to-morrow with his string of horses for the Blue Ribbon

## WON BY CORNELL.

University of Pennsylvania Defeated in Four-Mile Straightaway Boat Race.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. LAKE PARK, LAKE MINNETONKA, MIDD., July 8.—The Cornell and Pennsylvania 'Varsity eights rowed a four-mile straightaway race this evening, and Cornell won by three lengths. The race was scheduled to start at 6 c'clock, but it was after 8 before the crews were sent away. Heavy winds and exceedingly rough water were responsible for the delay. Cornell was the favorite, the betting being 5 to 1 on the Pennsylvania boys. Finally the crews started. They took the water together and pulled the first mile almost abreast. At the mile stake they were on a line. Here the Pennsylvania boys let themselves out a little and during the second mile obtained a lead of about three-quarters of a length. The steady stroke of the Cornell crew then began to tell, and slowly and surely the red and white forged ahead, and at the third mile Cornell was leading by three lengths. This lead was maintained to the finish.

The finish witnessed one of the most disgraceful sights ever seen at a hoat race. The police provisions were inadequate and sail and steam craft, which had collected during the long wait, were anchored directly in the course of the boats. Had not Cornell had a lead she would never have won the race, for Sherman, the coxswain of the Cornells, had to literally thread his way through a labyrinth of boats. Time, 23:52-very good under the unfavorable

Royal Clyde Regatta. London, July 8 .- The Royal Clyde regatta was sailed to-day. A heavy thunderstorm broke shortly after the beginning of the first round, and during it the Santanita broke her bow sprint. The other yachts were handled cleverly and did splendid work. In the second round the yachts were becalmed and the Iverna withdrew. The Britannia won. Time, 6 hours, 10 minutes, 15 seconds. The Valkyrie was second; time, 6 hours, 51 minutes, 55 seconds.

## NATIONAL BASEBALL LEAGUE.

Philadelphia Leads in the Race for the Championship Pennant.

The Bostons have tumbled from the perch they occupied for a few days. The Philadelphias are now at the top of the National Baseball League in the race for the champropehip. The "bean eaters" are only a few notches below, however, and may recover their lost ground this week. Louisville still clings tenaciously to the bottom rung of the ladder. Following is the standing of the twelve clubs:

W. L. P. C. Phil'd'lp'a 39 20 .661 New York 27 32 .456 Boston...37 22 .627 Baltimore. 27 30 .474 Brooklyn 33 24 .679 St Louis. 26 32 .448 Cleveland 30 32 .566 Wahingt'n 25 35 .417 Pittsburg 33 27 .550 Chicago 23 35 .397 Cincian'ti 28 31 .475 Louisville .15 32 .319

Saturday's Games.

Batteries-Chamberlain and Murphy; Kennedy and Con Daily. At Chicago-(Attendance, 3,800.)

Chicago....3 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 4 7 1 Philad'lphia0 0 5 1 0 1 0 0 - 7 8 0 Batteries-Hutchinson and Kittridge; Keefe At Cleveland-(Attendance, 2,500.)

Cleveland ... 1 1 1 0 2 0 0 0 2-7 11 4 Baltimore... 0 0 0 3 2 0 1 3 - 9 17 6 Batteries-Young and Zimmer; Hawke and At St. Louis-(Attendance, 2,786.) St. Louis.... 1 1 2 1 2 0 0 0 0 0 7 14 1 Washington.0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 4 6

Batteries-Clarkson and Peitz; Duryea, Mc-Guire and Farrell. At Louisville-(Attendance, 2,300.) Louisville ... 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 2 0-4 8 1 New York ... 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0-2 5 4

Batteries-Hemming and Grim; Baldwin and

At Pittsburg-(Attendance, 4,500.) Pittsburg....1 0 0 4 3 4 0 1 0-1313 2 Batteries-Ehret and Miller; Staley, Stivetts,

## Coyle and Ganzel. SANGER DEFEATS JOHNSON,

Won the One-Mile Open Cycling Race at

Toledo-Other Events. Toledo, O., July 8 .- Sanger avenged his defeat of yesterday by Johnson in the

one mile open race this afternoon at the Toledo Cycling Club's new track. It was a most exciting contest. Sanger led the Milwaukee man by only two yards. The time was 2:28 15, five seconds slower than Johnson's time in yesterday's race. A new mile record for the track was established in the fourth heat of the mile handicap. Sanger doing it in 2:20. Results: One Mile, Handicap-G. B. Comstock, Cleve-

land, first; W. St. John. Toledo, second; O. P. B. Bernhart, Toledo, third; E. R. Torgler, Toledo, fourth; J. C. Ruse, Toledo, afth. Time, 2:23 2-5. Quarter Mile, Open-J. S. Johnson, Syracuse, first; Banker. Pittsburg, second; Githens, Chieago, third: Barrett, Chicago, fourth; Steuber, Detroit, fifth. Time, :35 1-5. One-half Mile-A. L. Brown, Cleveland, first; Getz. Cleveland, second; Crooks, Buffalo, third; Green, Chicago, fourth; Bliss, fifth. Time, 1:21. One Mile, Open-W. C. Sanger first, J. S. Johnson second, J. P. Bliss third, G. R. Barrett fourth, G. H. Ellithrope, Catawba island, fifth. Time,

One-third Mile-G. J. Clark, Garrett, Ind., first; Ed Reel, Lima, O., second; W. Diener, Toledo, third. Time,:53 4-5. Half-mile Handicap-F. J. Heaslitt, Detroit, first; R. Cuddebach, Elyria, O., second: Ben Hart, Toledo, third; Ruse, fourth; W. Steuber, Detroit, fifth. Time, 1:05 1-5. One Mile, 2:40 Class-F. H. Tuttle, Syraouse,

first; R. F. Goebe, Cleveland, second; F. B. Rigby, Toledo, third; Con Baker, Columbus, fourth. Time, 2:38 4-5. Two-thirds of a Mile-H. A. Githens, first; J. P. Bitss, second; A. T. Crooks, third; O. C. Green, Chicago, fourth. Time, and world's record for

two-thirds of a mile, 1:50. Cycling on Manhattan Field.

NEW YORK, July 8 .- The third annual breyele tournament of the Riverside wheelmen was held to-day at Manhattan field. There were between eight and ten thousand people present, nearly half of whom were women. The race meet was the most successful that the Riverside wheelmen have ever held. It was the final tournament of the New York State circuit, and was held under the sanction of the League of American Wheelmen racing | high-grade cigarette.

board and the League of American Wheelmen rules. In the two-mile handicap the riders were well banched on the turn into the stretch, when half a dozen of them fell in a neap. The only one badly injured was E. A. Nelson, of the Spring-field club, who had one of his shoulders week, which caused considerable alarm for | dislocated. Two riders fell while turning handicap, but neither was badly hurt. In onds. The horses sent away to-day are the | the final heat of the same race H. R. Steenson, of the Riverside wheelmen, who was up among the leaders, fell at the finish line at the end of the first mile and cut his

> A. A. Zimmerman set the pace for George C. Smith, of the Riverside wheelmen, holder of the quarter-mile world's record, in the exhibition half-mile from a flying start. The quarter was made in 32 seconds. and the half in 1 minute 6 25 seconds.

The most important event of the day was the ten-mile race. There were thirtyfive entries but only nine starters. It was announced before the start that if the race was not run in better time than thrty-two minutes it would be declared off. This put the competitors on their mettle and a lively pace was set from the start and kept up to the finish. The spectators watched the race with great interest. Summaries: One-mile Novice-Won by R. MacDonald, Rich-

mend County Wheelmen. Time, 2:40 4-5. One-mile Scratch-Won by C. M. Murphy, New York Athletic Club. Time, 2:32. One Mile-Won by Paul Grosch, Passaic Athletie Club. Time, 2:23 2-5. One-mile Handicap-Won by E. L. Blauvelt, Elizabeth Wheelmen. Time, 2:22 4-5. Half-mile Safety, New York State League of American Wheelmen Championship-Won by C. M. Murphy, of the New York Athletic Club.

Time, 1:15. Two-mile Handicap-Won by E. L. Blauvelt. Time, 5:18. George C. Smith, holder of the quarter-mile world's record, raced an exhibition half mile in one minute and 614 seconds.

Ten-mile Invitation Race—Won by A. A. Zimmerman; second, C. W. Murphy; third, Hoyland Smith; fourth, D. F. Connelly; tifth, W. S. Campbell; sixth, Carl Hess. Time, 29:34 4-5.

Movements of Steamers. NEW YORK, July 8.—Arrived: Massdam, from Rotterdam; Rugia, from Wurtemburg; New York, from Southampton; La Champagne, from Havre,

ROTTERDAM, July 8 .- Arrived: Edam and Diadiem, from New York. BOSTON, July 8.-Arrived: Michigan, from Liverpool. SOUTHAMPTON, July 8.-Arrived: Paris,

from New York. LONDON, July 8.-Sighted: La Bretagne, pleasing for him to hear." Army of the Tennessee Reunion.

CINCINNATI, O., July 8 -General Hickencoper, corresponding secretary, has just issued the official call for a meeting of the Society of the Army of the Tennessee at Chicago on the 12th and 13th of Septemher. The local executive committee charged with the preparations for the meeting will make ample provision for the reception and entertainment of the memders, which will include arrangements for attending the world's fair. It is the expressed purpose of the committee to make this one of the most enjoyable meetings of the society, and a cordial welcome is in store for the old veterans of this most notable of all the armies of the Union.

Forged Notes and Decamped.

Boston, July 8 .- Gordon O. Bowen, of the real estate firm of Bowen & Merrill, put his razor, revolver and a few other articles in a hand bag, and, after telling his wife that he had made himself liable to go to prison, left the house Saturday. Since then nothing has been heard from him. More than half a dozen notes, with forged signatures, have, since his departure, turned up, and it is believed that there are many others to be heard from. Bowen mortgaged his household furniture to no less than six persons, and on July 4 a wagon drove up to his residence, in Charlestown, and all the furniture was removed, leaving Mrs. Bowen and her son without any household goods whatever.

Peary's Ship Nearly Overturned. PORTLAND, Me., July 8 .- Peary's Arctic ship, the Faicon, nearly overturned her berth at the custom-house dock last night. As the tide went out she settled, and about 10 o'clock it was suddenly noticed that she was toppling rapidly and appeared likely to go over, the fall of the water not having been sufficiently calculated, considering the way the ship was loaded. The mate got a heavy hawser around each mast, and reaching to the dock, so that at 12 o'clock she lay tipped at a very steep angle, held up by

the ropes. She righted to-day and sailed Accused of Causing an Epidemic. IRONWOOD, Mich., July 8.-Superintendent Strouther, of the Iron and Waterworks Company, is under arrest at Hurley, Wis., just across the State line. Extradition papers have been issued and he will be taken to Bessemer for safety, as threats are openly made here to lynch him. He is accused of being responsible for the present fearful epidemic of typhoid fever. The mines are closed down here, a virulent epidemic is raging and there is no money for

the relief of hungry hundreds. ----

Close of the Music Congress. CHICAGO, July 8.-The Music Congress At Cincinnati-(Attendance, 2,131.) H. E. | was concluded to-day. Miss Maynard But-Cincinnati...2 0 0 0 2 1 0 0 2-7 102 ler, of Boston, Mass., read a paper on "The Brooklyn......1 1 0 2 0 0 2 0 0-6 11 1 Place of Music in Education." Calvin B. concert was a decided success. The music Cady explained the system in vogue in the University of Michigan, Levi Orser, of Texas, demonstrated a new system of musical notations, of which he is the author. Papers were also read from Prof. Waldo S. Pratt. of Hartford, Conn., and F. H.

Hasty Strike of Switchmen.

CLEVELAND, O., July 8 .- Forty switchmen in the Cleveland yards of the Lake Shore railroad struck to-day because a yard conductor who allowed two of his brakemen to become intoxicated while on duty was suspended for fifteen days. The men already begin to think that their action was hasty, and a settlement is certain. The Switchmens' Brotherhood has nothing to do with the strike, and it will not spread.

Freight Cars Burned.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., July & - A fire in the freight yards of the New York & New Haven railway to-night destroyed fourteen or more cars and their contents. The loss will be very heavy. Some of the burning cars were loaded with cartridges and the frequency of the explosions rendered the work of the firemen extremely hazardous, but no casualties resulted.

Drifting Without a Propeller. BAR HARBOR, Me., July 8,-The ship State of Texas lost her propeller off Desert island last night. The tug Bismarck start ed out at daylight to-day, but was enable to find her, and put in here for further instructions. The mate of the missing ship was here, and he has gone out with the tug. The wind is blowing a gale, and it is

thought that the ship had drifted well to

Greggains Goes Into Training. DEDHAM, Mass., July 8.-Aleck Greggains, pugilist, and his trainer, Joe King, arrived to-day at the Rickland House. This hostlery is located in West Roxbury, and will be Greggains's home for the next two weeks, where he will train for his coming battle with Dan Creedon, the Australian prize fighter, at the Columbian Athletic Clubhouse in Chicago.

Officer Killed in a Procurer's Den. St. Louis, July 8.-Just before last midnight officer Robert Phillips was disembowled by a three-term convict, "Lightning Clark," in a procurer's den, which he entered to remove two girls entired there. He was set upon by the women of the place, who held him while Clark ripped open the officer's abdomen. Phillips cannot live.

Mother and Child Burned. PEKIN. Ill., July 8.-The residence of Jacob Lohnez, a farmer living six miles south of here, burned to the ground this afternoon as the result of the explosion of a gasoline can. Mrs. Lohnez, who was about to be confined, and an eighteen-

months old child were burned to death. Bank President Given Five Years. OMAHA, Neb., July 8.-C. W. Mosher, president of the defunct Capital National Bank of Lincoln, Neb., was this morning sentenced to five years in the Sioux Falls penttentiary by Judge Dundy, of the United States District Court. Mosher was charged with embezzling \$200,000.

THE CLUBS,

Hotels and first-class dealers, except those controiled by a trust sell "Admiral," the one strictly

WORLD'S FAIR COMMISSION

Wrangles Over the Award System and the Abolishment of a Fat Office.

Lady Managers Also Have Trouble with the List of Judges-Gradual Increase in the Attendance of Visitors.

CHICAGO, July 8 .- The World's Fair National Commissioners to-day indulged in a lively discussion of the proposition presented in the report of the commission on awards to create a final court of reference and appeals, to consist of Commissioners Hundley, of Alabama, and King, of Iowa. to whom all appeals from the judges shall be sent on petitions by the aggreeved exhibitor. Commissioner Burton, of Kansas, opposed the plan as giving into the hands of two commissioners absolute and final authority over the whole sward system. There were some interesting personalties between the Southern lawyer and Mr. Burton. An amendment was nnally offered subjecting the action of the Court of Appeals to the approval of the whole commission, but the matter went over without action to give the comm issioners an opportunity to study the question further.

A long wrangle was precipitated by Com-missioner Tousley, of Minnesota, who moved to change the wording of the minutes so as to make the report of the board of control a special order before the regular order of business to-day instead of after. After a discussion of half an hour, the motion was put to a vote and carried. The report was then taken up. was in reference to the abolishment of the office of master of transportation at a salary of \$12 a day. Mr. Tousley favored abolishing the office. Commissioner V. D. Groner, of Virginia, now holds the office. The latter said he did not know what motive the commissioner from Minnesota had in asking for the abolishment of the office. "But I can union firm in the country.

"Say anything you wish," interposed Tousiey. "Tell all you know about me. have never done anything of which I am ashamed." Mr. Groner did not answer this, but sat down. Mr. Tousley said there was no longer any need of a master of transportation and the office should therefore be abolished. On motion by Commissioner Claggett, of Washington, D. C., the resolution for the abolishment of the office of master of transportation was laid

on the table. All was chaos and confusion this afternoon at the meeting of the Board of Lady Managers to pass upon the list of judges subjected by the committee on awards. Notice was given that objection will be made to several of the names submitted, and poor headway was being made when the monotony of discussion was broken by the appearance of Secretary of the Treasury and Mrs. Carlisle in the hall, escorted by Mrs. Palmer, Without waiting to take a parliamentary recess the women rose and broke ranks so as to be introduced to the Cabi-net officer and his wife. The reception was of short duration and no business was done after they had departed.

The attendance at the world's fair is showing a gradual but constant increase, and the officials expect this to continue until the early autumn, after the harvest, when it is believed there will be the greatestattendance per week of any period of the exposition. No one doubts that the attendance will show a great increase the last months of the fair, the estimates of the railroads seem to justify his expectation. While the attendance at the fair up to this time has been nearly up to expectations, it cannot be denied that the large crowds of the official days have been principally furnished by the city of Chicago and neighboring States. Among the average daily visitors to the fair at this time fully 90 per cent, are from Illinois. or within a radius of a hundred miles from the world's fair city. The people of the fat West, the extreme East and the sunny South seem to be waiting for cheaper rates or more suitable weather, and not one farmer out of ten throughout the whole country is making any preparations to visit the fair until after the harvests are

An innovation made by the Lone Star State at the completion of the Texas building, to-day, is likely to strike popular sentiment, and be imitated by many other State commissioners. The completion of the State building this afternoon was celebrated by the inauguration of a series of musical recitals to be given by amateur talent in the auditorium of the handsome structure from time to time throughout the summer. By this plan the women of the Lone Star State not only furnish excellent entertainment for visitors, but place before the public a unique exhibition of State was excellent, while the young ladies taking part in the recital showed marked talent and taste in the execution of their performances. A large number of Texas people were present, as well as many others who were attracted by the announcement that l'exas was to give a free musical treat to the public. The occasion also marked the opening of the building, which now stands complete in every detail, although it will not be officially dedicated until July 29. when there will be an extensive celebration and appropriate ceremonies.

At 5 o'clock this afternoon, at Festival Hall, a grand concert was given by the Chicago Columbian Chorus of 1,000 voices, and the entire exposition orchestra of 114 musicians, under the direction of Theodore Thomas. The popular orchestral concert, this evening, at the new music pavilion. commencing at 6 o'clock, inaugurated the new series of summer evening open-air concerts under the direction of Mr. Theo-

dore Thomas. Without formality, the doors of the building erected by the Republic of Colombia were thrown open this afternoon. It is stored with rich products of tropical soil and interesting fabrics manufactured in Colombia. Formal celebrations are reserved for July 20, which is national Independence day in Colombia.

The Argentine sections in the Mannfactures, Agricultural, Forestry and Mining buildings will be formally opened for inspection to-morrow.

Prof. Tomlins and Theodore Thomas have arranged an exo cedingly fine series of mu sical entertainments of the exposition next week. To-morrow there will be sacred concerts by the Chicago and Cincinnati bands during the afternoon and evening. Another grand choral festival will be held by the second division of the Western singing societies on Wednesday. Thursday and Friday. The organizations that will take part are the Cleveland Vocal Society; Mozart Club, of Pittsburg; Arion Club, of Columbus; Apollo Club, of Omaha; Philharmonic Society, of Dayton, and the Louisville Musical Club. The great organ in Festival Hall will be need in this festi-

val. The Viking ship will arrive in the world's fair harbor next Wednesday a fternoon. As yet, the programme of exercises for its reception has not been completed, but the committee on ceremonies says it will not differ greatly from that carried out at the reception of the caravels.

That William II. Germany's young ruler, intends to accept the invitation of the President of the United States to visit the World's Columbian Exposition is the declaration of the diplomates after discussing the Imperial Commissioner's recall, through whose energy and executive ability Germany's matchless exbibit at Jackson Park has been made posstble. Mr. Wermuth sails for home July 20. Among his associates it is asserted that the commissioner has been called back to the fatherland to escort Emperor William to Chicago. Commissioner Wermuth says he hopes and confidently exthe exposition, and that fact strengthens declined to aftirm or deny the rumor of the I'm bad it is "William J."

Emperor's acceptance. His ostensible return to Germany is in connection with his duties as Privy Conneilor.

The paid admissions at the fair to-day were 93,320. The Women Want to Know.

Boston Transcript. A woman is on hand at the gates of the world's fair to answer questions. The feminine visitors do not always feel at liberty to approach the guards or take chances with strangers. They flock around the woman at the information booth, however. Sometimes they ask strange questions. A tall woman, with steel-rimmed glasses, came up to the counter, yesterday morning, and asked: "Is this where you tell people what they want to know?"
"Yes, ma'am." "Well, I've been looking for them lagoons I've heard so much about. Can you tell me what building they are

UNSUCCESSFUL CONFERENCE.

Iron Workers and Manufacturers Fail to Agree on a Scale. PITTSBURG, July 8.—The scale committee of the Amalgamated Association and the manufacturers held another unsuccessful conference this afternoon and adjourned to meet in this city next Monday week, July 17. The failure to agree to-day caused disappointment, as it was thought the entire matter would be settled at this meeting. The bitch is on the finishers' scale. The workmen have conceded a cut of 50 cents per ton in the puddling department, but the manufacturers want a reduction the finishing department, which the men are not willing to accept. The steel scale at Jones & McLanghlin's mill was arranged to-day on a slightly reduced basis. It will be signed Monday. Three firms signed the amalgamated scale to-day. They were the Illinois Steel Company, the Cherry vale Iron Company, of Leetonia, Ohio, and the Cleveland Hardware Company. The latter two are small corcerns. The Illinois Steel Company operates plants at Johns. Bay View, Wis., and Chicago,

and employs 13,000 men. It is the largest

Big Plant Shuts Down. TROY, N. Y., July 8.—Business at the Breaker island plant of the Troy Steel and Iron Company is to suspend to-morrow indefinitely. The five hundred hands employed there have been laid off. The steel works and other mills of the company are already shut down and in all the suspension will affect nearly one thousand men. Of late the company has been doing but little work, and as orders are very slow it was deemed best to suspend operations. This evening a prominent official of the company said the report was true, but a little premature. An official of the company said the shut down was entirely on account of the unsettled condition of the business affairs of the country, and it was thought best to close down until trade brightens up enough so that the works can be run on a paying basis.

THE QUINCY FORTUNE,

Romantic History of How It Bas Been Handed Down,

Waterbury American If you go to William Quincy's office in Boston you learn from the legend on the door that he is a lawyer whose business is chiefly real estate. He is himself a large real estate owner. The history of his fortune is almost romantic. His grandfather, the second Josiah Quincy, inherited a considerable estate from the founder of the family, who was the president of Harvard College and otherwise distinguished. The grandfather some forty or more years ago interested himself in the construction of the Troy & Greenfield railroad, a part of which is now known as the Hoosac Tunnel line, and was not able to carry out his undertakings. He was financially embarrassed, but did not become a bankrupt. He was possessed of a very large amount of property, and his creditors saw that in time he would be able to meet all his obligations, or that in the event of his death his estate would do so. The property was, therefore, converted into a trust, the ored-

itors appointing a trustee and Mr. Quincy This trust has lasted until the present time, but is about to be abrogated, all the obligations having now been provided for. For a number of years the present Josiah Quincy has been the principal trustee and manager of the estate, which will be worth \$2,000,000 when the trust terminates. The Ouncys are inclined to celibacy, and Mr. Quincy's grandfather had several daughters who never married and whose shares have come to him. One of the daughters married Prof. B. A. Gould, the distinguished astronomer, who went to South America several years ago to establish an observatory there. Mr. Sam Quincy, a brother of Mr. Quincy's father, died without issue a few years ago. Eventually all the property will pass to the Gould heirs and to Mr. Quincy and his sister, who are the only enildren of Mr. Josiah P. Quincy.

Heartless Russian Peasants. St. Petersburg. July 8 .- Full particulars of the burning of the steamer Alfonse. near Romanov, July 4, have been received. The steamer was laden with bales of wadding. The fire, it is supposed, was started by a spark from the pipe of a careless smoker and the steamer was soon completely enveloped in flames. Through an error on the part of the wheel the vessel ran aground some distance be-low the landing. The passengers became panic stricken and dozens jumped overboard. Many were drawn under by the current and by the still revolving propellers. Nearly fifty persons were drowned. The large loss of life was partly due to the inhuman conduct of peasants on the river bank, who refused to go to the rescue unless they were paid for the work, their demands varying from 100 to 400 roubles for each person.

Threaten to Drive Out the Negroes. DEXTER, Mo., July 8.—News was brought here on the afternoon train that great excitement prevailed in the vicinity of Sikeston, twenty miles east of here, Scott county, where the negro Miller, who murdered the Ray girls, near Bardwell, Ky., was cap-tured, and that an effort would be made to-night to run the negroes out of that locality. There will probably be serious trouble, as many of the citizens and large farmers of that part of Scott and New Madrid counties employ a large amount of negro labor, and will defend the negroes.

Christian Endeavor.

Philadelphia Record. The American delegates to the international Christian Endeavor convention celebrated Independence day on British soil vesterday. The day commemorated one of the grandest bits of Christian endeavor set down in history; and the fact that Montreal, although a Catholic city, did her best through her prelates and officials to make the delegates feel at home, shows that the Christian Endeavor spirit knows no bounds of creed or nationality in its manifests-

Mr. Choste Sues for Libel. NEW YORK, July 8 .- Dilworth Choate. who assisted District Attorney Nicoll in procuring evidence against Carlyle Harris, bas brought a suit in the Supreme Court against John S. Ogilvie, the publisher of the book entitled "Articles, Speeches and Poems of Carlyle W. Harris," to recover \$50,000 damage for libel.

Engineer and Fireman Killed. DUBOIS, Pa., July 8 .- Two freight trains met on the Philadelphia & Erie road near Ridgeway, at 3:50 o'clock this morning. Engineer Bradford and fireman Hall were killed and brakeman Shaffer was fatally injured. The operator at Ridgeway 18 blamed for permitting one of the trains to pass without orders.

How to Hold Umbrellas. Minneapolis Times

Umbrellas with glass covers are on exhibition at the world's fair. They are held at \$150 each. They are held because they are kept out of reach of the average wayfarer.

His Alins. Toronto Express. Mr. Kaller-What is your name, my little manf Boy-When I'm good it is "Billy;" when

LESSON FOR GOOD PEOPLE

Seymour Church Members and Temperance Workers in an Unenviable Light.

Signed a Saloon Keeper's Petition for a Reduction of License, and Squirmed When Their Names Were Published.

A FATAL PETITION.

Church and Temperance People Exposed for Signing a Saloon Keeper's Petition.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. SEYMOUR, Ind., July 8.—There is much indignation felt by a number of the business men of this city over the action of the City Council at its semi-monthly meeting Thursday night. The cause is based on a petition presented two weeks ago, asking for a reduction in the liquor license from \$250 to \$100. The petition contained 107 names, twenty-nine of the signers being saloon keepers and bartenders. and the others being prominent business men and clerks. The petition was referred to the finance committee, which brought in a lengthy report. The reason assigned by the saloon men for asking a reduction was that owing to dull times and stringency in the money market they could not afford to pay the amount of the present license. The report presented to the Council by the committee says:

No business is less affected by financial de-pression than that of retailing liquor. The amount of capital necessary to conduct such a business is not large, and the hazard is not nearly so great as in most branches of business. The fact that there are now twenty-two saloons in our city paying a license of \$250 per annum at once refutes the idea that it is so unfavorably affected by the financial stringency now existing. Moreover, we have failed to hear from our property holders. Who of them have asked us for a reduction of tax on account of depression! Who of them have come to us with the cry, 'Take off the license and increase the taxes!' With all due respect to the signers of this petition, we feel sure they are not nearly so well acquainted with the needs of the city as this Council, and having een elected to this Council by Seymour, it becomes our duty at all times to la-bor for the best interests of the city at large. In view of the facts herein stated, we, the members of your committee, would respectfully report against granting the prayer of the petitioners.

The committee's report was adopted by a vote of 8 to 2, and the petition, with the names of the signers attached and the committee's report, were ordered printed in one of the local papers. As soon as it was learned that the names were to be published some of the men became uneasy and began running about to see if they could not prevent having their names appear in print. This they failed to accomplish, and when the paper containing the names appeared it created quite a sensation. Among the signers were the names of prominent church members and men who have belonged to temperance organizations. All eyes have been turned on them and they have received lectures from the pastors and members of the congregations to which they belong. They are now swearing vengeance and threaten the defeat of every member of the present Conneil for placing them in their present predicament. Some of the saloon men are also swearing vengeance and say that when their present license expires they will not renew them, and will only take out government license and sell by the quart. The action of the Council is upheld by the great majority of citizens, who heartily appland the backbone displayed.

OLD-TIME COUNTY LAWSUIT.

One Man Tried to Win a Bet in 1892 That Was Lost on the Election of 1888. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. Кокомо, lnd., July 8.—An interesting lawsuit was compromised here yesterday.

The principals were Cai C. Hadley, a prominent Republican, and Benjamin Purcell, a prominent Democrat, both being church members. During the campaign of 1888, in which Benjamin Harrison mopped the earth with Grover Cleveland, Hadley and Purcell got into a spirited political argument over the running qualities of the two presidential candidates, the debate terminating in a guessing match after this fashion: Hadley guessed that Harrison would be elected and offered to pay Purcell \$50 for two calves, worth perhaps \$5 each, if Cleveland were successful. Otherwise he was to have the calves for nothing. Purcell gnessed Cleveland would be elected and offered to give two calves to Hadley if Harrison were elected. Otherwise Hadley was to pay \$50 for them. The following contract was then drawn up and signed by

I hereby agree to pay B. Purcell fifty (\$50) dollars for two calves (red) when Grever Cleve-land is elected President of the United States of C. C. HADLEY. river, and soon arrived at a cabin where

Hadley took the calves and gave Purcell the above written agreement. This agreement, of course, was intended to apply to the election of 1888 only, but after the contest of 1892, four years later, when Cleveland was elected, Purcell hunted up scrap of paper and deciding in his own mind that the contract, was as binding at one election as another, went to Hadley and demanded the \$50. Hadley refused, and last February Purcell brought suit to recover the amount. The case was tried at once, and decided in Hadley's favor, on the ground that the contract was in the nature of a bet, and not collectable. An appeal was then taken. The attorneys on both sides got together this week, and effected a compromise, Hadley paying the value of the caives at the time he took them. The "calves" are now five years

DID HE LAY A WAGER? Federal Juryman Charged with Betting on

a Case in Court. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. NEW ALBANY, Ind., July 8 .- The jury in the case of the United States against Perry Smetzer, charged with violating pension laws, failed to agree, and was discharged to-day. Judge Baker suspended the \$100 fine imposed on Mrs. Josephine Davis for sending an obscene letter through the mail. The jury in the case against G. Riley Fox. charged with robbing the mails, failed to agree and was discharged. The case will be transferred to Indianapolis. One of the jurors in this case, Charles D. Ridley, was ruled to answer before Judge Baker to a charge of contempt of court. It is alleged that he had offered to bet \$25 that Fox would not be convicted. He was placed under \$500 bonds to appear Monday morning at 9 o'clock and was released on his own recognizance.

Prize Fight Near Muncle. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

MUNCIE, Ind., July 8.-Last night one of the most vicious prize fights that ever occurred in Indiana took place near this city. Ted Mulveybill and Dutch McCabe, two ironworkers of Terre Haute, have been employed at the Indiana iron works in this city, and both had experience in the prize ring. They are enemies, and every time they meet a fistic encounter is arranged. They have now had five fights. A few days ago it was arranged for the men to go in the ring and settle their differences. They were to fight with bare knuckles. Last night about one hundred "sports" met just south of the city limits in an open field and the men stripped to the waist. At midnight the fight began, Mo-Cabe led for Mulveynill's tace, and at the end of the third round had his man nearly blinded. Mulveyhill bad spent his time jabbing McCabe in the region of the heart, and well did he do his work. Shortly after the call of time in Round 4, McCabe closed his eyes, dropped his hands and fell to the ground. He was counted out and Mulveyhill given the fifty-dollar purse. McCabe did not show a scratch, while his opponent's face was badly bruised. Each man weighed over 170 pounds, and neither bad been trained.

Flint-Gass Workers' Convention.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. MARION, July 8 .- Delegates to the unnual convention of the American Flintglass Workers' Union, to be held here next week, have been coming in to-day on every train. President W. J. Smith and Secretary W. J. Dillon arrived this afternoon from Pittsburg in a private car with a number

of others. The first meeting will be held Monday forenoon. All meetings will be held with closed doors. The convention will last fourteen days. There are 285 delegates, and one thousand visitors are ex-

Deaths at E:khart.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal ELKHART, Ind., July 8 .- Dr. Charles S. Frink, the oldest practicing physician in this city, died suddenly in his office this afternoon of heart disease. During the late war he was a member of General Rosecrans's staff and was well known throughout the State. Otto Clement, another well-known resident, died to-day, aged forty years.

Shot by a Burglar.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. ROCHECTER, Ind., July 8 .- Dr. Isaac L. Babcock returned home from a visit to a patient at a late hour last evening and found that burglars were making a raid on his house. He attempted to give an alarm, and as one of the thieves ran from the residence he fired at the physician hitting him in the left arm, making a sorie ous wound. The thieves escaped.

240 Acres More at Ingalis. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

PENDLETON, Ind., July 8,-The new town of lngalls, two miles south of here, is still spreading out. Thursday the Land Company received the deeds and paid for the James Jones, John Huston and Reese Jones tracts of land, and will add them to the new town. This makes an addition of 240

Spontaneous Combustion. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

CORYDON, Ind., July 8 .- Spontaneous combustion was the cause of the destruction of the large barn of W. H. Keller, near Corydon, last evening. Seventy-five loads of green clover hay had been put in the barn, and it is thought this caused the fire. The loss is about \$1,800, with \$300 insur-Section Hand Killed,

Marchlick, a section hand, was killed by train No. 1 on the Lake Shore ro morning. Death resulted instantly.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

BIG SNAKE YARN,

SOUTH BEND, Ind., July 8 .- Anastagy

Two Young Men him Thousands of Reptiles Near St. Augustine.

The biggest snake story of the season, so far, is telegraphed from St. Augustine, Fla., to a New York paper. It relates that two young men from the North, who left that city on a fishing tour not long ago, concluded to take a rest one evening after hard day's fun, on the surface of a large moss-grown rock. "After a hearty meal they both fell seleep. One was shortly afterward awakened by something choking him, and feeling, found his strange collar to be cold and slimy. It was a very fine specimen of the snake species which was girdling his throttle. The monster was soon dispatched and the two men were about to lie down after ridding themselves of the intruder, when they found themselves literally surrounded by the reptiles. They were going to decamp for a more congenial climate, but when about to leave the rock, hissing and rate thing became more audible, and it was but a few minutes until it was as load as ordinary-toned voices. The men, finding that they were surrounded, broke branches from the stubby undergrowth of pines and commenced lashing the writhing sea of darting, hissing enakes. Realizing that they had an all-night job, they secured rocks and larger sticks, and began killing the reptiles in earnest. The noise seemed to awaken the whole barren waste into a hissing and rattling forest. Each man began the slaughter with redoubled vigor, vainly trying to fight their way to the stream some hundred yards away down the hill. They would gain a few paces of the distance, only to be driven back again to the rock, The rattling and hissing became so loud that their voices became scarcely audible unless close together. The nair on both men's heads stood up like bristles; while their arms were blood-stained to the elbows. The stench from the snaky battlefield was almost unbearable, and sickening in the extreme. Within three hours after the first snake had been killed, bundreds, if not thousands, had met a similar fate. Both men were badly bitten, and their legs and arms began swelling rapidly. The hours wore slowly by, and the slaughter continued. At last morning came and lifted the curtain of night from a most appalling scens. For fifty feet all around the large rock, lay a heap of stunned, squirming and dead snakes, and as far as they could see all around the barren waste, was a seething tide of reptiles that came toward the rock with maddening fury. With difficulty they managed to reach the

A DRESS OF GLASS.

medical attendance was given. The hair

on both men's head had turned almost

white during the night and it will be

weeks before they can fully recover from

the effects of this fearful encounter."

Worn by Miss Cayvan and Very Interesting to Those Who Have Seen It.

New York Sun. A gown of glass, with fringes and flutings all of spun glass, gleaming white like the sheen of pearls, so deftly woven that it may not break or fray, is worn by Miss Georgia Cayvan in stageland since her return from the Alaskan glaciers.

The fabric woven is not unlike a coarsemeshed grenadine, only heavier, and has a glistening surface more brilliant than that of satin. It takes on graceful lines in the draping like tine and heavy velvet, and will not crease or break in wearing. Only if, on mischief bent, some one folds it in a crosse sharply and presses it firmly with the finger nails, the glass threads snap and out the warp in a rept that is difficult of

repairing. Now, this material is not transparent, nor is it brittle; neither is it molded to the figure warm, though the beauty of fit suggests the idea. It is made up in a carefully fitted lining of silk, which, after its adjustment, is ripped apart, spread out upon the glass and its outline traced. The glass is pasted along the traced lines with a solution of glass before the cutting to prevent fraying, and the cut edges are bound and lapped beneath a gimp or passementerie, also woven of glass in an open

pattern. Twenty-five dollars a yard is the modess value placed upon this product, and s score of yards are required for a trailing gown, so that there is little danger of its losing caste by too great popularity. With the cloth of glass come wonderful fringes like woven milkweed floss, passementeries and braided bands for girdet and headings. The material itself may be plaited with puffs and fulled inte ruffles,

which, with the soft, fine fringes, are the

most effective decorations for the glat Another interesting fact for the woman who wears the Cinderella dress of crystal is that when it becomes soiled in wearing she can wash it off as she would her parler windows and make it as fresh and beautiful as ever. Miss Cayvan's gown is made in the 1830 fashion, with the flaring skirt fitted closely about the hips, the gores outlined with a braided gimp of glass. At the foot there is a put of glass, over it a fall of chiffon, covered with the exquisite gleaming glass fringe. The bodice is deeply van-dyked from the belt toward the shoulder, and between the points are pulls of chillon narrowing toward the belt and broadening toward the top, where a fall of chiffon is covered with the glass fringes, which finish the low-cut neck. The huge putted sleeves

approved fashion and finished with fringes. A Financier.

Washington Star. "Say, mister," he said, confidentially, as he overtook the pedestrian, "hev ye noticed that India has gone back on free coinage of silver!"

of the period are all of glass, draped in the

"Yes." "This country's goin' ter repeal the Sherman law jes' as quick as it can be done." "Certainly."

"silver is gittin' it in the neck all around. ain't itf" "It appears so."

"Perhaps."

"Gittin' to be a regular no-count metal." "Well, say, mister, don't ye want a chance ter gid rid of what ye have on hand before ye hev ter pay an ashman ter come

round an' haul it away fur yel"